

Inéquations réductibles au second degré (2)

Résoudre

$$1) \frac{3-2x}{x^2+6x-7} < 0$$

$$2) (4-9x^2)(-2x^2+3x-5) \geq 0$$

$$3) -\frac{5x^2(x^2+5)}{1-4x} \leq 0$$

$$4) \frac{-x^2+8x-16}{2-x} \geq 0$$

$$5) \frac{3(x-5)x}{x^2-x-1} \geq 0$$

$$6) \frac{1}{2}(-x^2+2x+3) \leq 0$$

$$7) \frac{x}{x-1} - \frac{4-2x}{x+3} \leq 2$$

$$8) \frac{x-1}{x+2} - \frac{x+3}{x-1} \geq -1$$

$$9) \frac{2}{2x+3} \leq x$$

$$10) \frac{8}{x} - \frac{5x}{x-6} < -5$$

Solutions:

$$1) S =]-7, 1[\cup] \frac{3}{2}, \rightarrow$$

$$2) S = \leftarrow, -\frac{2}{3}] \cup [\frac{2}{3}, \rightarrow$$

$$3) S = \leftarrow, \frac{1}{4}[$$

$$4) S =]2, \rightarrow$$

$$5) S = \leftarrow, \frac{1}{2}(1-\sqrt{5})[\cup [0, \frac{1}{2}(1+\sqrt{5})[\cup [5, \rightarrow$$

$$6) S = \leftarrow, -1] \cup [3, \rightarrow$$

$$7) S =]-3, 1[\cup [2, 5]$$

$$8) S = \leftarrow, -2[\cup [-1, 1[\cup [7, \rightarrow$$

$$9) S = [-2, -\frac{3}{2}[\cup [\frac{1}{2}, \rightarrow$$

$$10) S =]-\frac{24}{11}, 0[\cup]6, \rightarrow$$